## Arabic rhetoric

The emanation production of Arabic rhetoric in Arabic was through mainly via Qur'anic sciences (or cultum al Qur'anQuran), along as well as with the sciences of syntax and morphology/and linguistics (silm-an-naḥū wa as-ṣarf) and the science of formal literature (<u>silm al-</u>adab). The <u>scholars researchers of that focused on Qur'anic studies during in the</u> period of the formation of Islamic studies were not only rhetoricians, as much as they were exceptes or but also linguists as well. Furthermore Moreover, the existing science of rhetorics has emerged come out to enhance improve the understanding comprehension of the Qur'an and as well as the sayings-preaching of the Prophet, of Islam and to explore investigate their beautiful unique flawless style. EarlyInitial linguistic and rhetoric and linguistics savants such as-like abū Lubaydah ibin al-Muthannā (d. 208 AH. - 823 AD), abū Luthmān Amrū bin Baḥr al-Jāḥiz (d. 255 AH--868 AD), abū al-Ḥasan ar-Rammānī (d. 384 AH--994 AD), abū Hilāl al-Askarī (d. 395 AH--1004 AD), Abd al-Qāhir al-Jurjānī (d. 471 AH--1078 AD), and as well as others were also3 participated involves in laying down creating the initial fundamentals of the existing rhetorical science by writing formulating books such as, like al-Bayān fī ʾIejāz al-Qurʾān, Maeānī al- Qurʾān, and al-Fawāʾid al-Mushshawiq ʾilā eUlūm al-Qur'ān wa cUlūm al-Bayān. Their argumentations and demonstrations were mainly primarily extracted derived from the holy Qur'an. In view of the foregoing, it suffices to say that tThe relationship between among rhetoric and Qur'anic Quranic sciences and rhetoric is not only germaneuseful, but also very absolutely solid as well.

It is believed assumed that rhetorical science reached has come to its apexpeak through via 
cAbd al-Qāhir al-Jurjānī (d.471 AH/- 1078 AD). Most The majority of the books on rhetoric books written created by scholars in during the wake rise of al-Jurjānī were mostly summarisations and commentaries, mainly primarily on about al-Jurjānī's books4 and views perspectives, in addition as well as to some other early savants'scholars' books. This is

suggested by the fact that most, if not all, Also, most of the examples used applied in all the books on rhetoric books are the samevery similar. This could can be marked seen as a negative point assumption in studies on Arabic rhetorical studies. But However, it is worthy to mentioning that a couple several of these scholars, such as including az-Zamakhsharī and as well as as-Sakkākī, added have introduced unique distinctly new and novel views perspectives to the on theories of within Arabic rhetoric, for For instanceexample, the classification categorization of the rhetorical disciplines, as in Figure 1 (see figure 1), particularly especially the classifications categorization of kināyah, that which was is initially primarily presented shown in great details by the scholar as-Sakkākī. Before Prior to setting sailing into the ocean large of silm al-bayān (the Science science of expressions [lit. Science of clarity]), and particularly especially kināyah, it is sensible important to go through add some several practical definitions such as like the definitions those of faṣāḥah (i.e. eloquence), silm al-masānī (i.e. semantics/word order and semantics), and as well as silm al-badīs (i.e. the Science science of the embellishments).